杰。

## Agenda:

- Occupational Hygiene
- Sleep and Fatigue in Industry
- Sleep and Fatigue in Professional Sports


## Winner of the "Not my Job" Award


... "that science and art devoted to the anticipation, recognition, evaluation, and control of those environmental factors or stresses arising in or from the workplace, which may cause sickness, impaired health and well-being or significant discomfort among workers or among the citizens of the community."

## National Sleep Foundation Consequences of Poor Sleep

- Increased risk of motor vehicle accidents
- Increase in body mass index - a greater likelihood of obesity due to an increased appetite caused by sleep deprivation
- Increased risk of diabetes and heart problems
- Increased risk for psychiatric conditions including depression and substance abuse
- Decreased ability to pay attention, react to signals or remember new information



## ALERTNESS \& COGNITIVE PERFORMANCE:



## CIRCADIAN FACTORS:

## 8 hours of sleep, 11 PM-7AM

Effectiveness
9:30 am
2:30 pm
7:30 pm
11:00 pm
100\%
96\%
100\%
90\%


## MEASURING SLEEP


© Polysomnography
100\% accurate


* Actigraphy

94\% accurate

${ }^{\wedge}$ Self-reported Sleep
$50-60 \%$ accurate

## MEASURING FATIGUE



## Psychomotor Vigilance Task (PVT)

## BAC SCALE (Blood Alcohol Concentrate)

| Score | Continuous Hours of Wakefulness | Reaction Time \% Slower | Blood Alcohol Concentratio n (BAC) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 77 | 18.5 | 30\% | 0.05 |
| 70 | 21 | 43\% | 0.08 |

- The effects of fatigue can be compared to those of blood alcohol
- Fatigue and the effects of alcohol are NOT identical


## Actual Sleepiness

## Self-Rated <br> Sleepiness




Days of Sleep Restriction

## US Army - Walter Reed Study

PVT Speed: Chronic Restriction Adaptation


## Fatigue $=$ Accident Risk

Human Factors Accidents ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ US Department of Transportation: Federal Railroad Administration. Validation and Calibration of a Fatigue Assessment Tool for Railroad Work Schedules (2006)

## Ministry of Justice:

Findings and recommendations as a result of the Coroner's inquest into the death of Bradley Michael Thomas Haslam.

## Jury recommends:

1. To develop an educational tool about the risks associated with worker fatigue.
2. To include worker fatigue as a component of the CORE audit.
3. Review and research with industry new training styles/curriculum for young/new workers.
4. That workplace inspections incorporate all shifts including Day, Afternoon, Graveyard, and Weekend shifts.

## A Short History of Medicine



Hippocrates
Crowned "Father of Western Medicine"


Antonius Mathijsen Introduces Plaster

Cast Method


Discovered



## Study: Sleep \& Collegiate Swimmers

| Task Performed | Two Weeks of Normal <br> Sleep/Wake Patterns <br> (Baseline) | Six-Seven Weeks of <br> Sleep Extension <br> (10 hours) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15m Sprint | 6.98 seconds | 6.47 seconds |
| Reaction Time Off The <br> Block | 0.88 seconds | 0.73 seconds |
| Turn Time | 1.1 seconds | 1.0 seconds |
| Kick Strokes | 26.2 | 31.2 |

Extended Sleep and the Effects on Mood and Athletic Performance in Collegiate Swimmers; Mah CD, Mah KE, Dement WC, Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences,
Stanford University, CA

## Study: Sleep Extension + Basketball Players

After a period of extending time in bed to
 10 hours per night for several weeks, collegiate basketball players:

- Improved their free throw percentage by 9\%
- Improved 3-point field goal percentage by $9.2 \%$

The Effects of Sleep Extension on the Athletic Performance of Collegiate Basketball Players; Mah CD, Mah KE, Dement WC, Kezirian, EJ, Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, Stanford University, CA

## Study: Sleepiness \& Predicting Player Career Longevity in Baseball



Predicting Major League Baseball (MLB) Player Career Longevity via Sleepine Measurements; Winter, W. Christopher

Winter followed 80 MLB players over 3 years:

- $72 \%$ of players with normal sleep were still playing
- $39 \%$ of players with reduced sleep were still playing
- $14 \%$ of players with severe sleep issues were still playing


## Football Study: Circadian Timing of Games



## Identify why athletes aren't getting the sleep they need:



1. Sleep disorders (insomnia, RLS, apnea, etc.)
Solution: Sleep-EVAL, Actigraphy
2. Schedule or environmental factors
(early practice, late games, travel, jet lag, sleep
environment etc.)
Solution: Planning, Bio-mathematical modelling
3. Self-imposed factors
(sleep hygiene, lifestyle, etc.)
Solution: Education, PVT Feedback

## Technology



## Game by Game Analysis

## 14/03/2014 15:43

| Effectiveness | Recent Sleep | Chronie Hours Debt | Time of [ay | Out of Phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Performance |  | Fatigue Factors |  |  |
| Effectiveness | 86\% | Sleep (last 24 h ) | 8.00 | <8h |
| Mean Cognitive | $93 \%$ | Chronic Sleep Debt | 6.44 | $>8 \mathrm{~h}$ |
| Lapse lindex | 2.0 | Hours Awake | 10.73 | $>17 \mathrm{~h}$ |
| Fieaction Time | 116\% | Time of Day (base] | 1543 | 2398-0538 |
| Feseruoir | $80 \%$ | Out of Phase | 1.42 | > 3h |

Questions?

## pat.byrne.spc

## @sleepsports

